

## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <a href="http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content">http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content</a>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

THE ESSENTIALS OF A WRITTEN CONSTITUTION. By Harry Pratt Judson. Chicago: The University of Chicago Press. 1903. pp. 43. 4to.

In this pamphlet the author points out that every complete constitution deals with four subjects: the social state, i.e. the whole community; the political state, i.e. that portion of the community which has political power over the whole; the government; and the amending process. He then proceeds to contrast and comment upon the provisions, as to these matters, incorporated into the charters which now in one form or another constitute the organic law of nearly all civilized nations. The pamphlet is valuable as giving in small compass a comprehensive view of the outlines of constitutional government. It is also valuable since it causes the peculiar features of the United States constitution, which is generally used by the author as a basis of comparison, to assume added distinctness and meaning in the mind of the reader.

- COPYRIGHT IN CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND. Rules and Forms for Copyright Registration in Canada; together with the Copyright Laws of Canada, Newfoundland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island. Prepared by Thorvald Solberg, Register of Copyrights. Bulletin No. 6. Washington: Government Printing Office. 1903. pp. 126. 8vo.
- No. 6. Washington: Government Printing Office. 1903. pp. 126. 8vo. A TREATISE ON THE CONSTITUTIONAL LIMITATIONS, which rest upon the Legislative Power of the States of the American Union. By Thomas M. Cooley. Seventh Edition. By Victor H. Lane, Professor of Law in the University of Michigan. Boston: Little, Brown & Co. 1903. pp. cxxiii, 1036. 8vo.
- REPORT OF THE FIFTEENTH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE VIRGINIA STATE BAR ASSOCIATION, held at Hot Springs, Virginia, August 21, 22, and 24, 1903. Richmond, Va.: Everett Waddey Co. 1903. pp 432. 8vo.
- 1903. Richmond, Va.: Everett Waddey Co. 1903. pp 432. 8vo.

  CYCLOPEDIA OF LAW AND PROCEDURE. Edited by William Mack and Howard P. Nash. Vol. VIII. New York: The American Law Book Company. London: Butterworth & Co. 1903. pp. 1145. 4to.
- Annual Reports of the Department of the Interior. Vol. I. Report of the Commissioner of Education. 1902. Washington: Government Printing Office. 1903. pp. cxii, 1176. 8vo.

  Cases on Criminal Law. Vol. II. By William E. Mikell, Professor of
- Cases on Criminal Law. Vol. II. By William E. Mikell, Professor of Law in the University of Pennsylvania. Philadelphia: International Printing Co. 1903. pp. 505-983. 8vo.
- HISTORICAL INTRODUCTION TO THE ROMAN LAW. By Frederick Parker Walton. Edinburgh and London: William Green & Sons. 1903. pp. xi, 256. 8vo.
- THE ORGANIZATION AND CONTROL OF INDUSTRIAL CORPORATIONS. By Frank Edward Horack, Philadelphia: C. F. Taylor, 1903. pp. 207. 8vo.